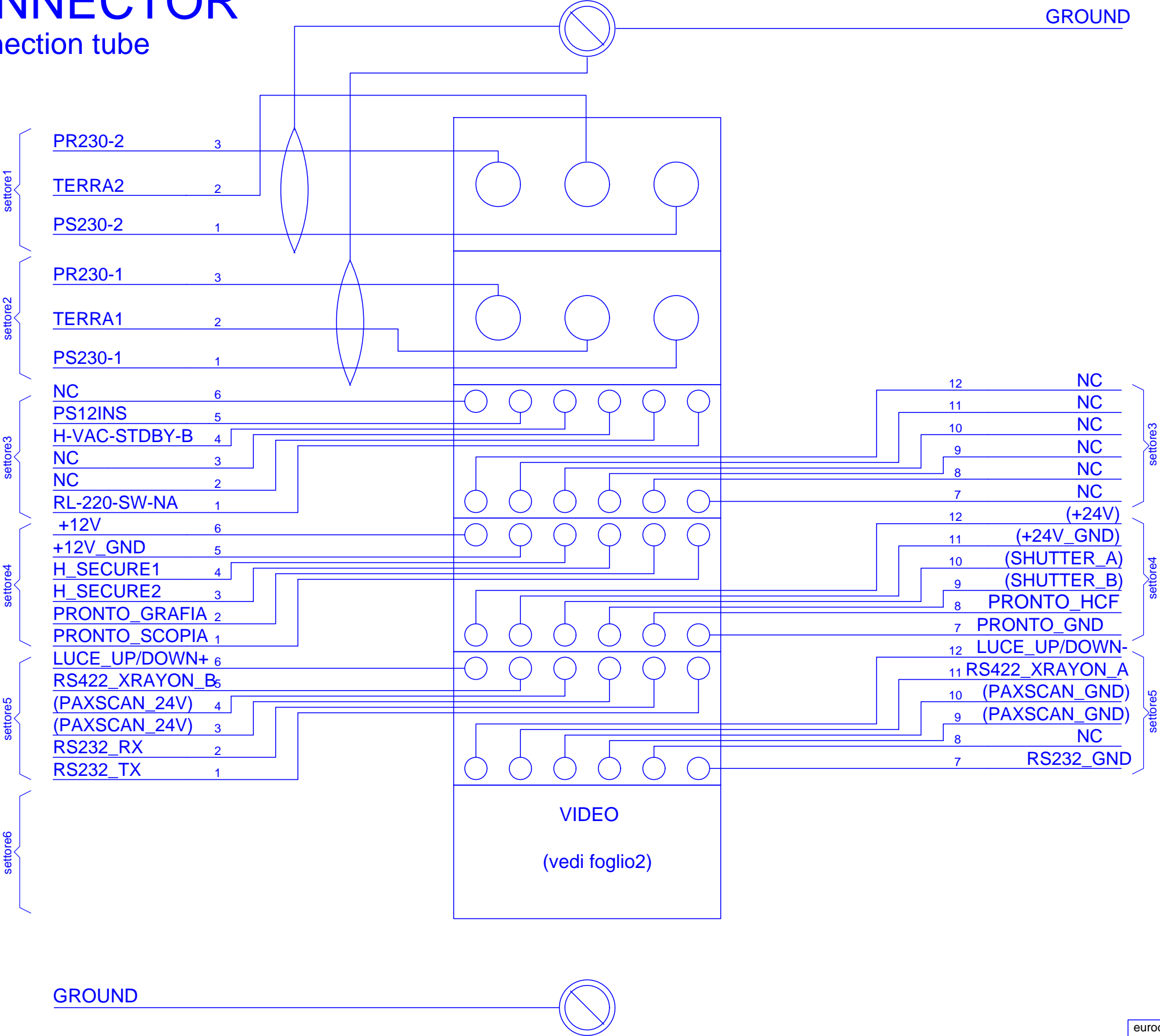


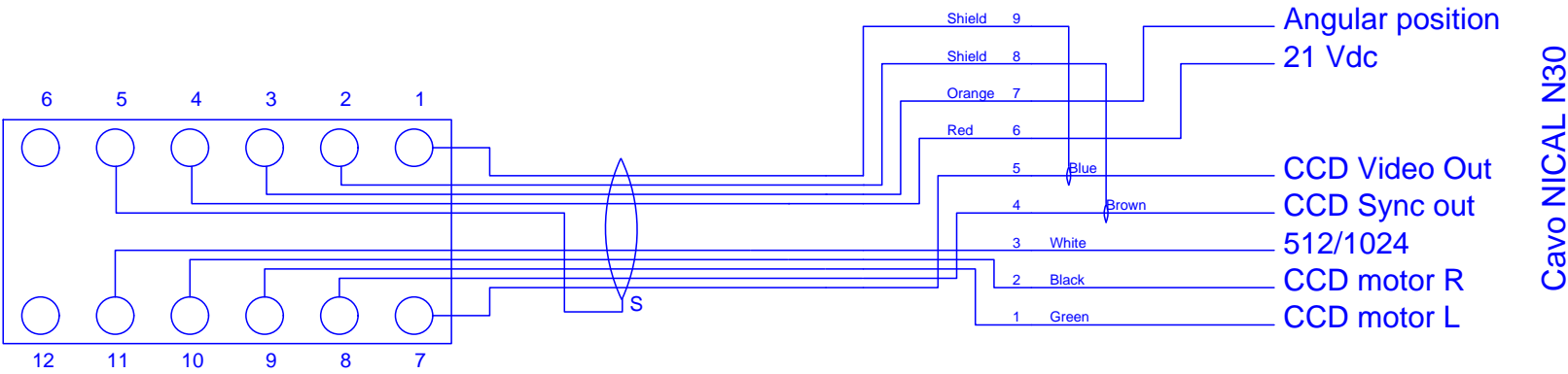
MAIN CONNECTOR

of interconnection tube

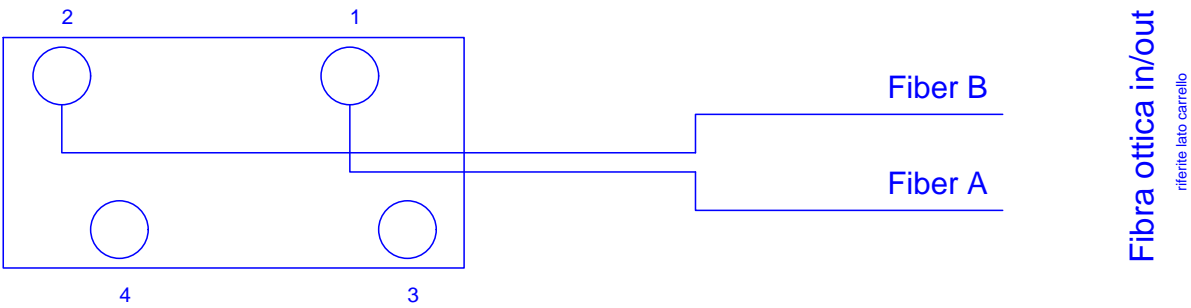


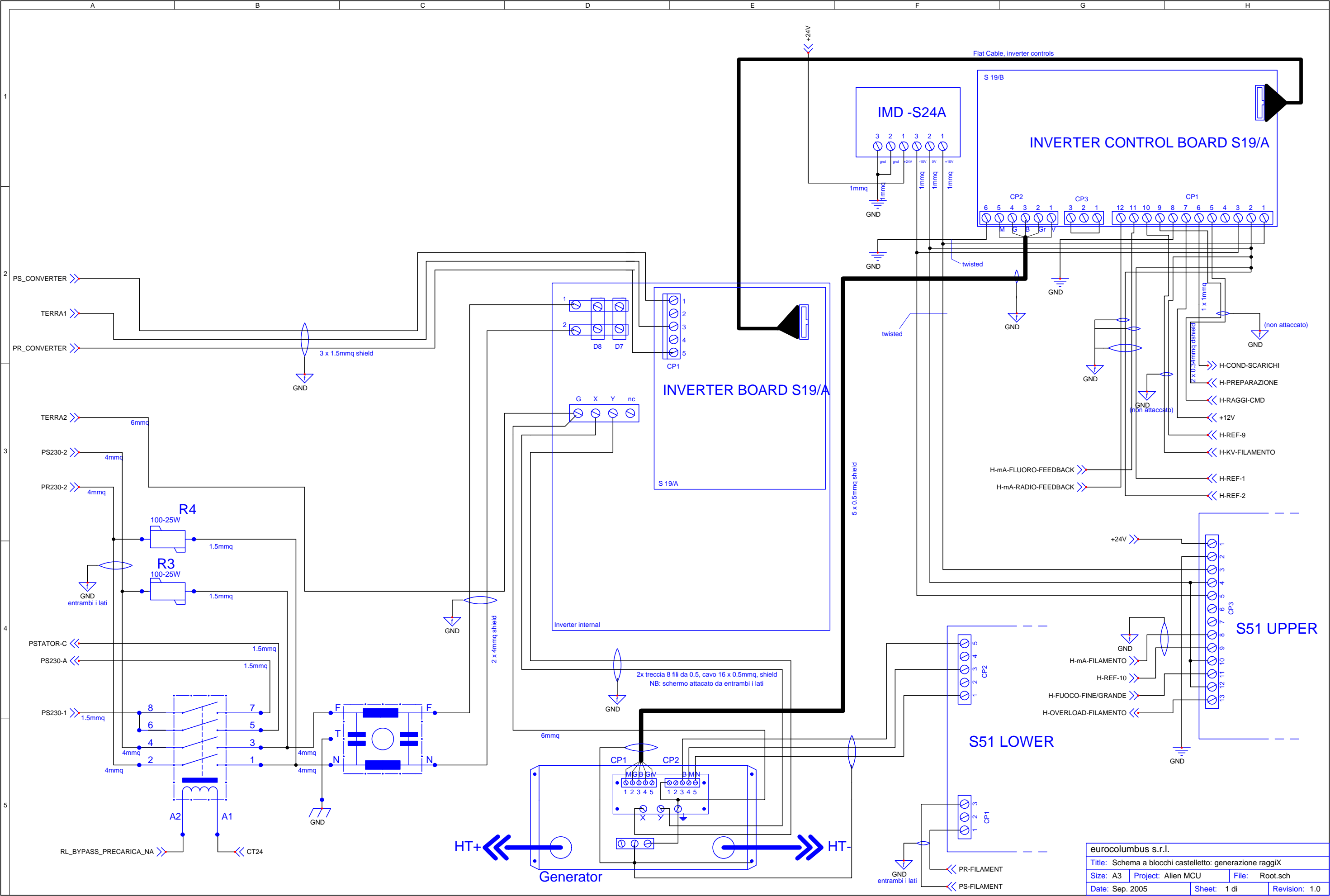
VIDEO CONNECTOR MODULE OF THE MAIN CONNECTOR

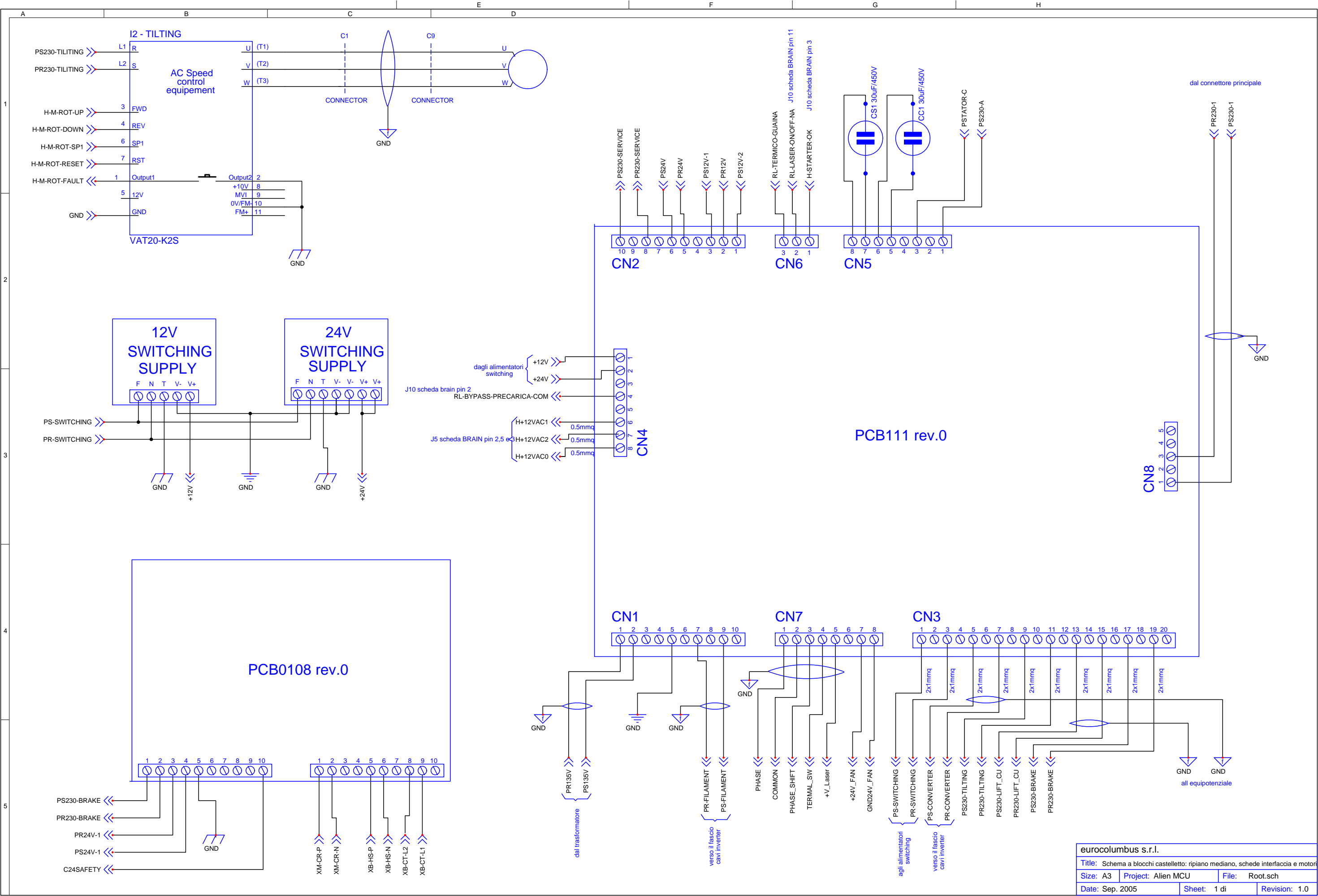
Versione con NICAL N30

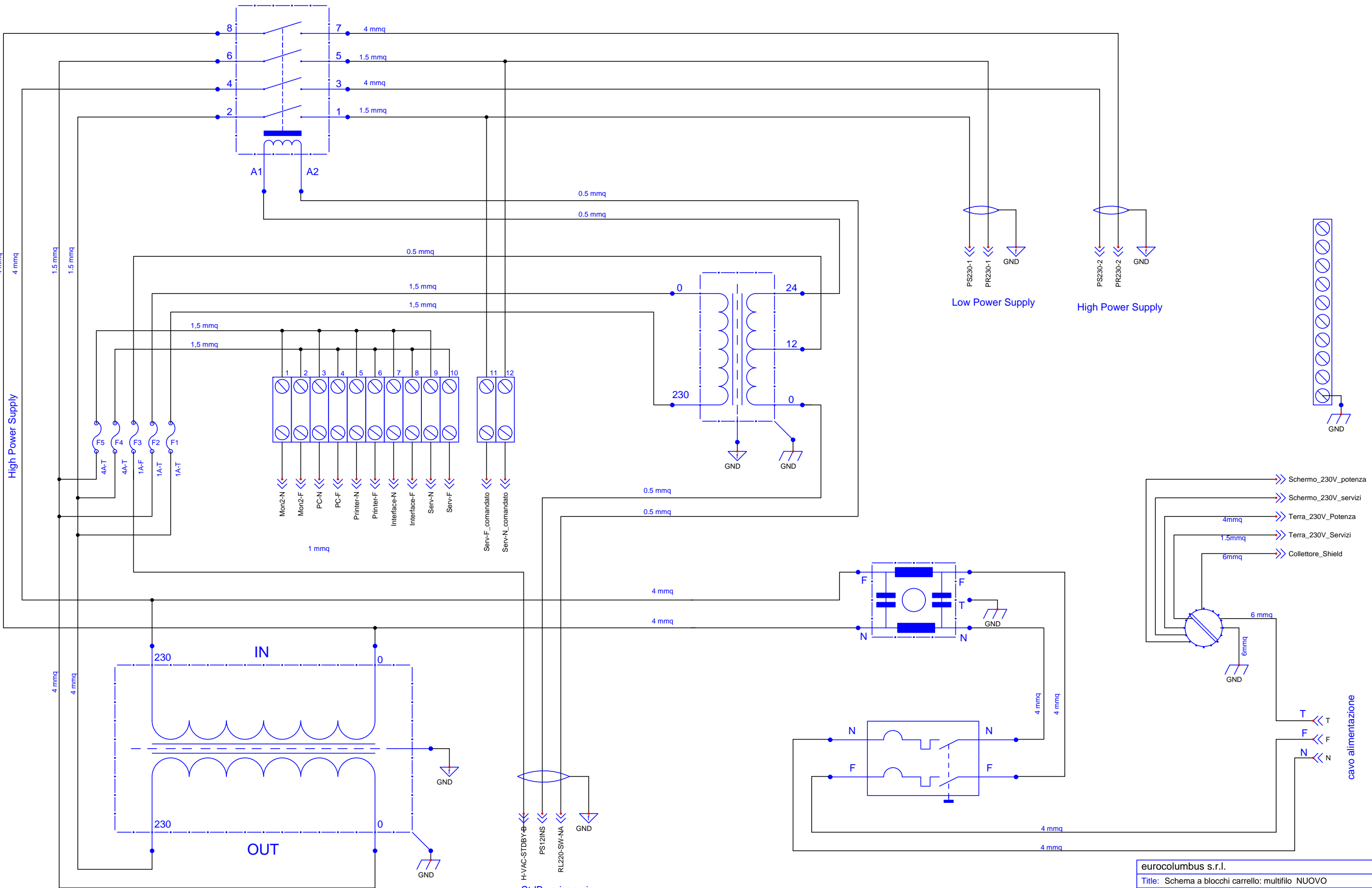


Versione PaxScan e Thales (fibra ottica)



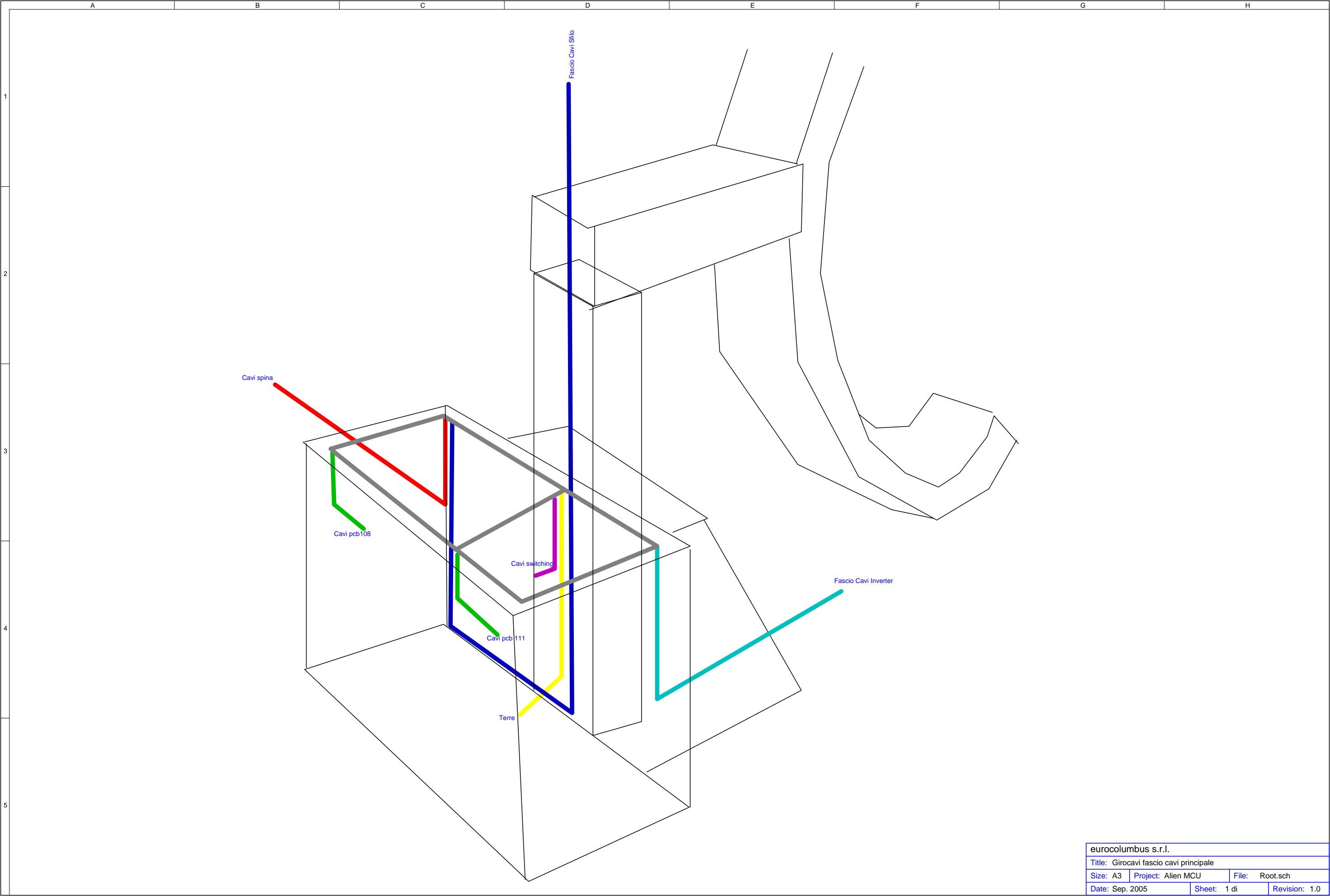


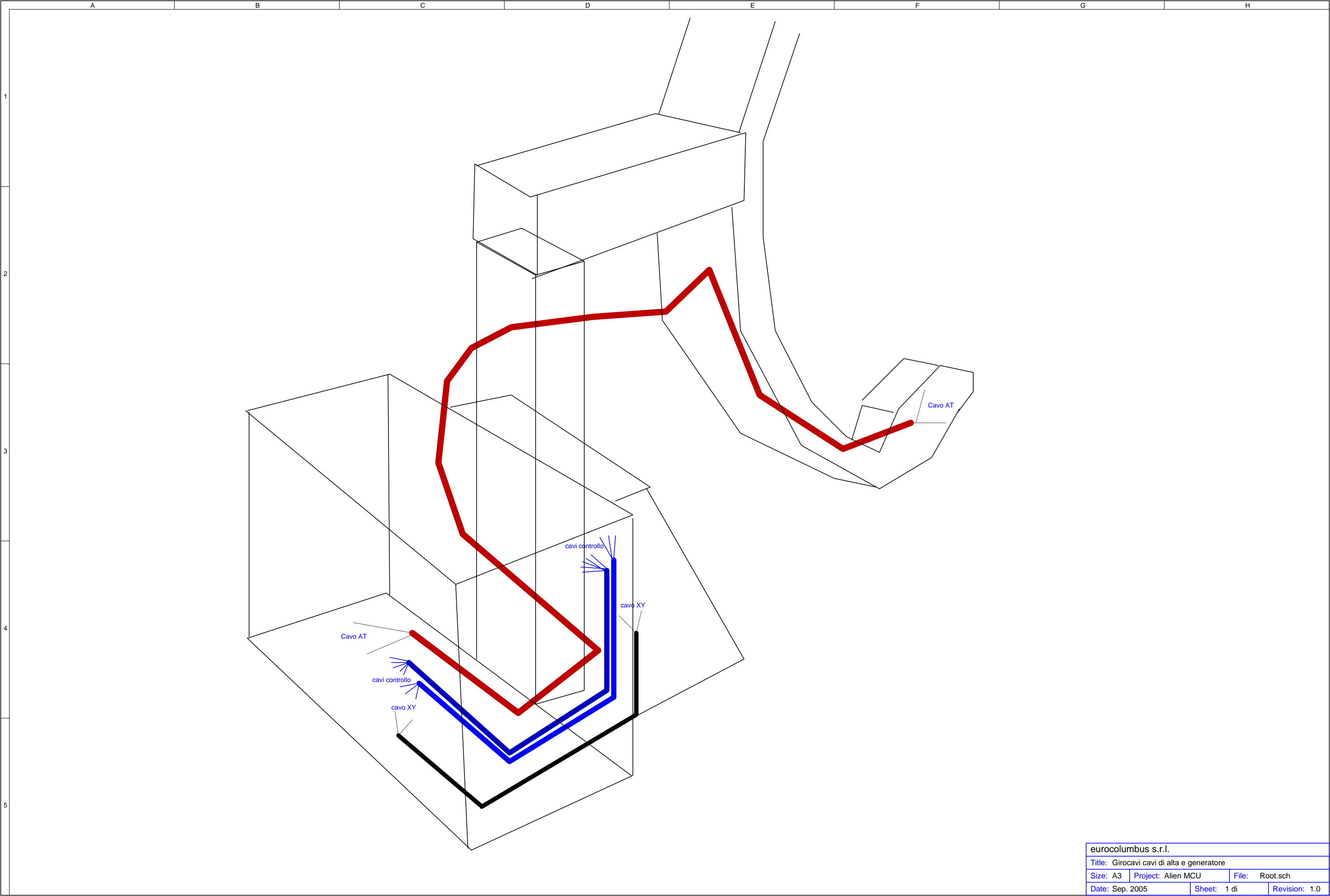




StdBy e inserzione

eurocolumbus s.r.l.			
Title: Schema a blocchi carrello: multifilo NUOVO			
Size: A3	Project: Alien MCU	File: Root.sch	
Date: Sep. 2005	Sheet: 1 di	Revision: 1.0	





H-PRONTO-GEN } They are the signal used by the BRAIN PCB to inform the elaboration unit that the machine is ready to expose.
H-PRONTO-GRAFIA } They are open collector signals. Can be easily connected to the input of a opto coupler.
H-PRONTO-SCOPIA } The BRAIN activate H-Pronto-Grafia when is starting to expose in Fluorography mode. Otherwise it activate H-Pronto-Scopia when is starting to expose in fluoroscopy mode.
The H-Pronto-Gen is activated for all mode of exposure and can be used as control signal for the other two.
To indicate an exposure in HCF mode (pulsed high contrast fluoroscopy) the BRAIN activate the H-Pronto-Scopia signal and send the HCF command through RS232 communication (see the RS2323 communication protocol).

H-XRAY-ON-A } Exposure Trigger Sincronization Signal (RS422 protocol, active High) TTL to RS422 chip: DS26LS31CN
H-XRAY-ON-B } It is the answer of the elaboration unit to the "ready signal" sent by the BRAIN pcb. RS422to TTL chip: DS26LS32ACN

H-RS-MEM-TXD } RS232 serial control communication. It used a predefine protocol, a list of string that can be sent, which define all commands used for the dialogue between the BRAIN and the elaboration unit.
H-RS-MEM-RXD }
GND }

H-LUCE-UP/DOWN } It is the automatic exposure control signal. It is an analog signal which can be reach 5 predefined value.
REF-GND }
A value of 3 volts indicate stability. When the BRAIN rech this value did not change anything.
A value of 3.5 volts indicate to the BRAIN to increase slowly the KV.
A value of 4 volts indicate to the BRAIN to increase fast the KV.
A value of 2.5 volts indicate to the BRAIN to decrease slowly the KV.
A value of 2 volts indicate to the BRAIN to decrease fast the KV.
The increase or decrease of the value does not mean a direct increase or decrease of the KV. The increment or decrement is related to the pointer to the automatic exposure control value table.
This table, which is inside the memory of the BRAIN, put in relation a pointer integer (from 0 to 255) whit the corresponding value of KV.
With the slow increasing or decreasing, the BRAIN move the pointer of just 1 step up or down over the table.
With the fast increasing or decreasing, the BRAIN move the pointer 3 step up or down over the table.

General Exposure Sequence:

The user push the exposure command

The BRAIN receive this command and starts the procedure sending:

- activating the exposure relay
- sending the preparation command to the inverter
- sending the start command to the starter for anode rotation
- sending the ready signal to the elaboration unit (depending on which mode of exposure is using)

Then the BRAIN,as soon as it receive the starter ok signal (indicating that the anode is well rotating, an if there are no errors coming, it generate the internal exposure enable signal (so called RAGGI EN on the BRAIN schematics).

This signal indicates that the machine is ready for the exposure an is waiting the trigger coming back from the elaboration unit.

The elaboration unit receive the ready signal, prepare itself and the camera for the exposure, and it send back the trigger signal.

The trigger signal is continuos in fluoroscopy mode and pulsed into fluorography and HCF mode.

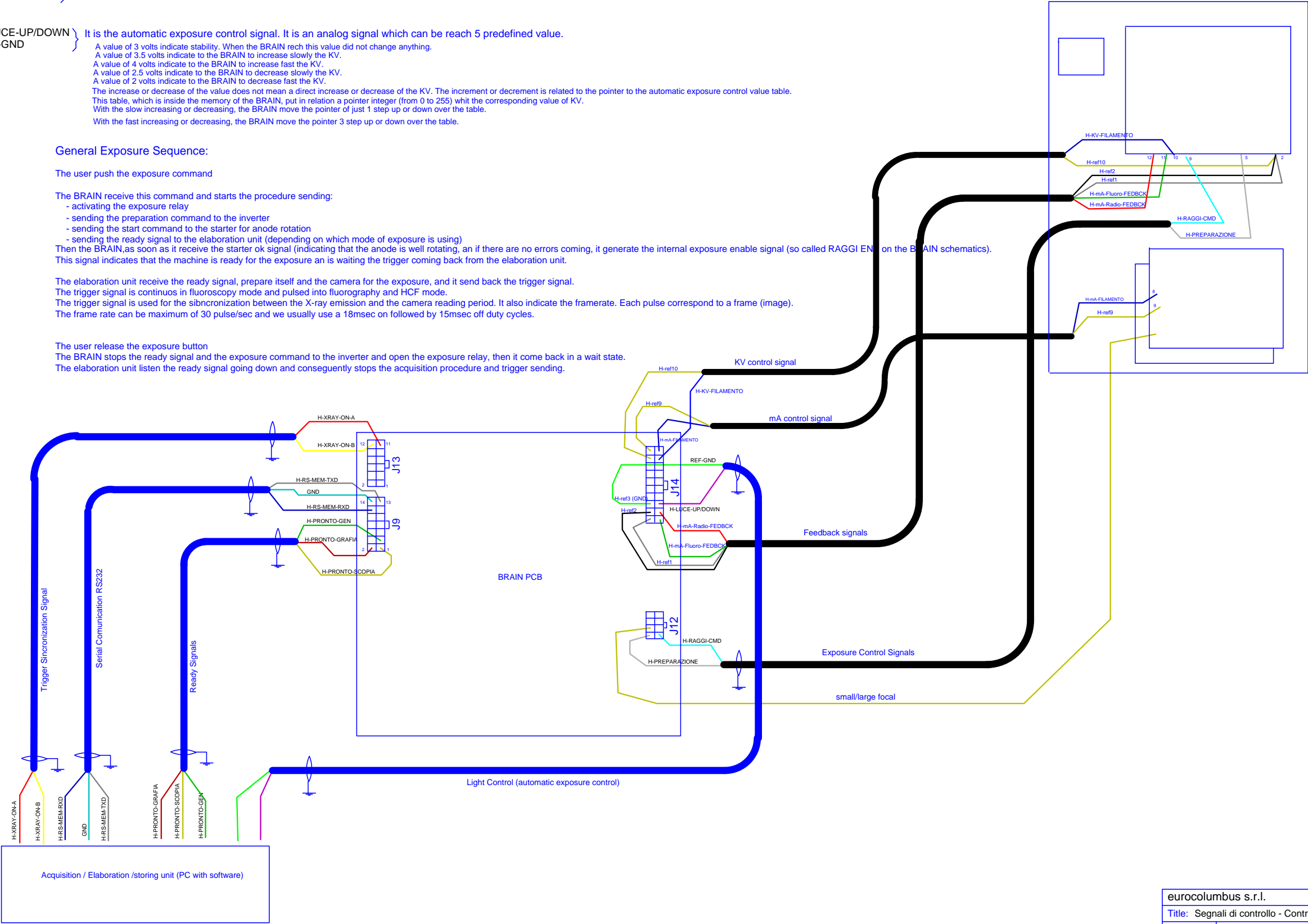
The trigger signal is used for the sibncronization between the X-ray emission and the camera reading period. It also indicate the framerate. Each pulse correspond to a frame (image).

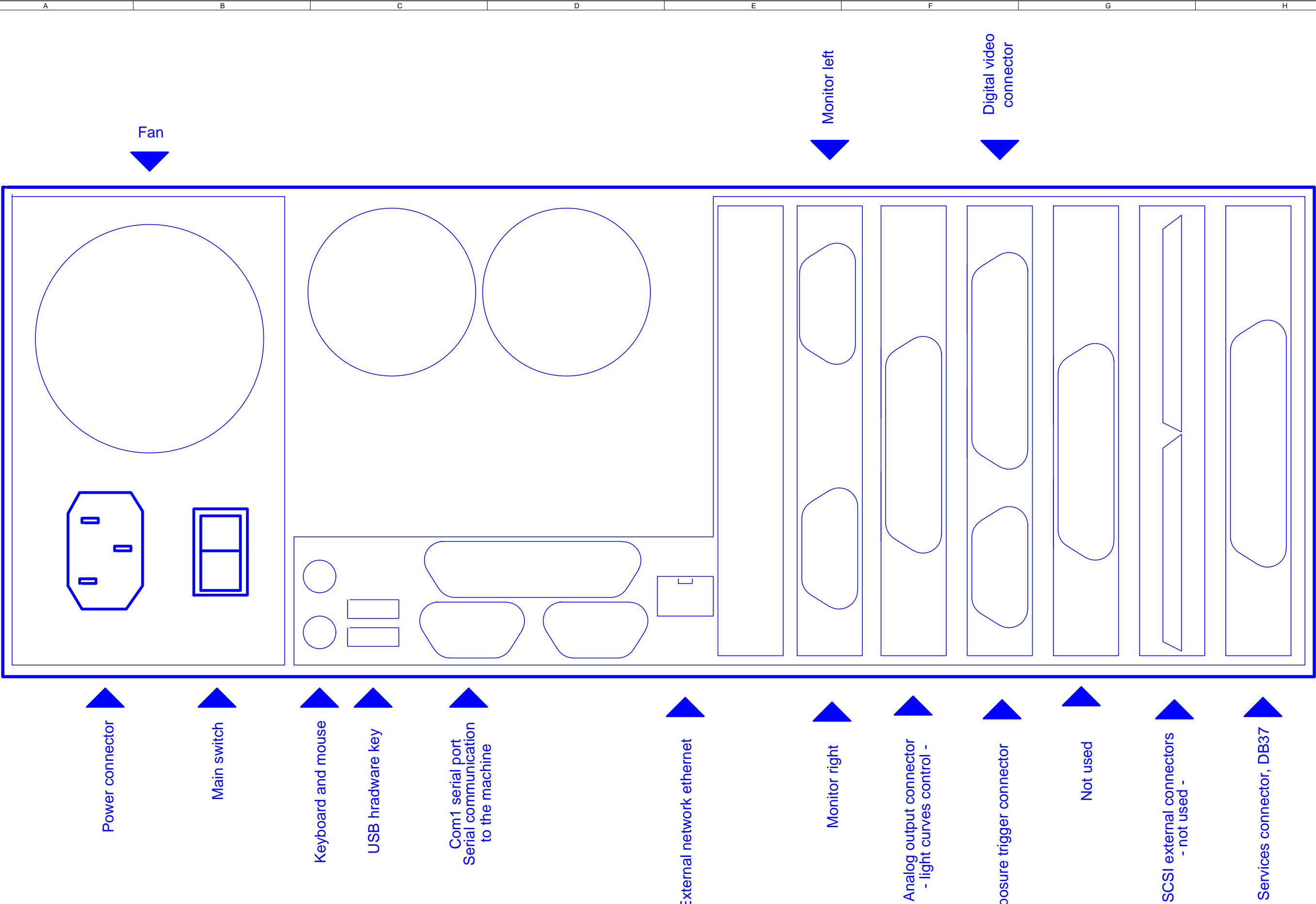
The frame rate can be maximum of 30 pulse/sec and we usually use a 18msec on followed by 15msec off duty cycles.

The user release the exposure button

The BRAIN stops the ready signal and the exposure command to the inverter and open the exposure relay, then it come back in a wait state.

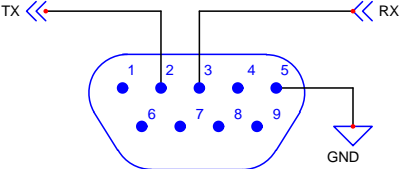
The elaboration unit listen the ready signal going down and consequently stops the acquisition procedure and trigger sending.





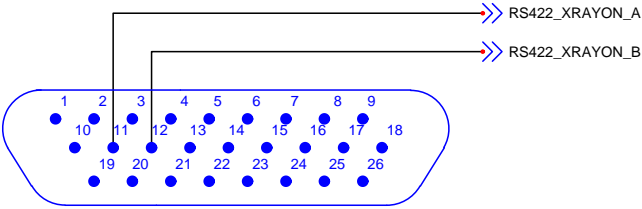
RS232

Spina femmina volante, DB9



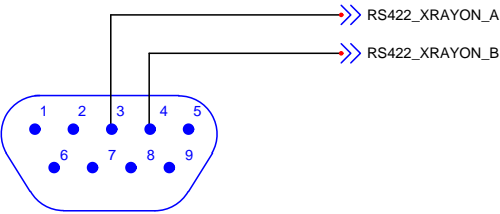
RS422 Versione PC CAMLINK (THALES)

Spina maschio volante, DB26



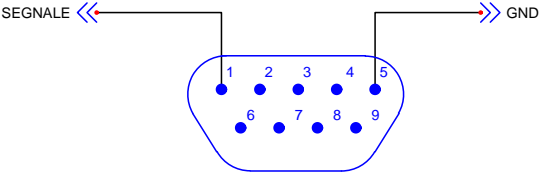
RS422 Versione PC DIG (N30, PAXSCAN)

Spina femmina volante, DB9

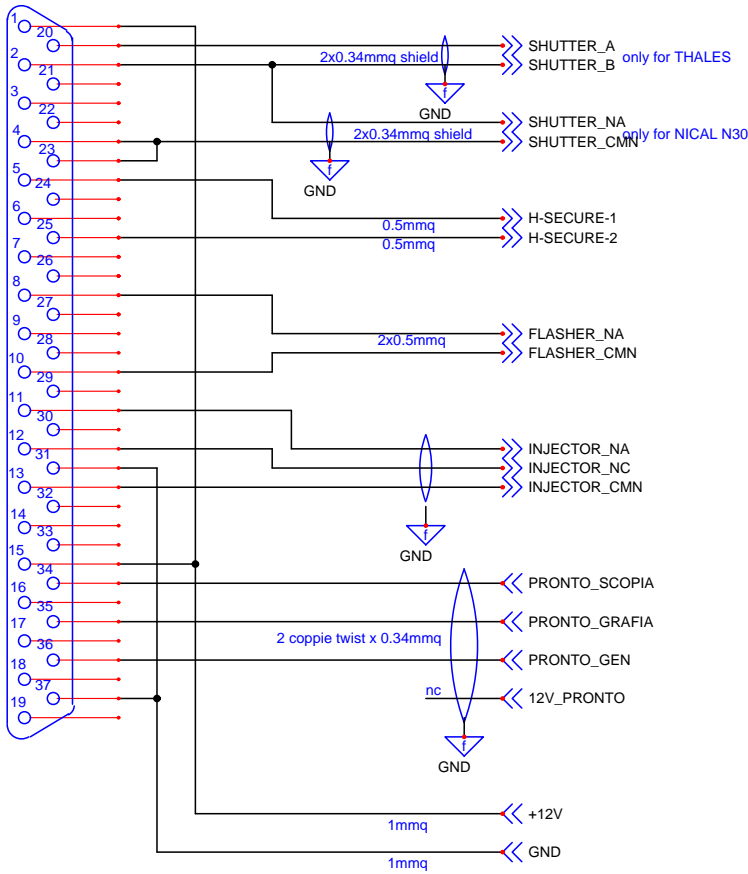
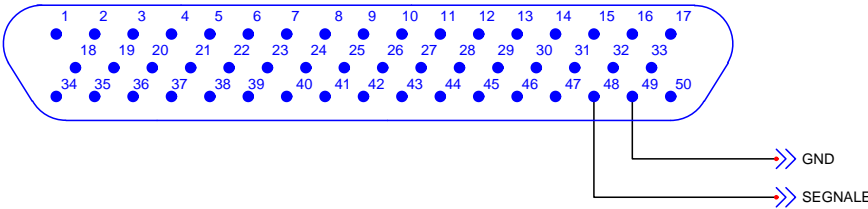


TRIGGER VERSIONI CON PAXSCAN

Spina maschio volante, DB9

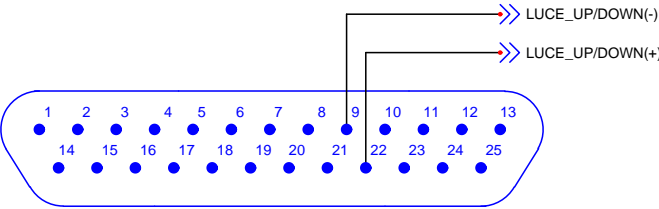


Spina maschio volante, DB50



LUCE UP/DOWN

Spina femmina volante, DB25



Comando Shutter N30 Nical

Spina maschio volante, DB25

